



WHOLE PROGRAM MAY BE BLOCKED BY HIDES

Tie-up Will Follow Unless House Rates on Manufactures of Leather is Reduced

REPORT ON PROPOSED RULE TODAY

If Plan to Give Conferees Jurisdiction to Reduce House Schedules Falls Through, Then Action Will be Taken Anyhow and President Will be Called Upon to Secure Support.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—Hides will be put on the free list if boots and shoes and other manufactures of leather are reduced below the rates fixed by the house bill. Unless the advocates of free hides are able to carry out this bargain, the whole program is to be called off.

A decision to this effect was reached by the tariff conferees today. The conferees adjourned tonight until 11 a. m. tomorrow, but the house members will assemble half an hour earlier to plan for executing their part of the agreement.

It is expected that they will have a report from the house leaders as to the possibility of passing a rule conferring jurisdiction upon them to agree to lower rates on leather than those named in the house bill.

Aldrich Stands Firm.
Senator Aldrich has informed senators of the northwestern states that he will not consent to the abolition of the duty on hides unless there is a material cut in the rates on boots, shoes and other leather goods. Senators from cattle raising states insist that the only way consumers can get any benefits from the removal of the protection on hides will be by corresponding reductions in the duties on boots and shoes and harness.

If, for any reason, anything should occur to upset the plan to give the conferees jurisdiction to adopt rates lower than those named by either house, the conference committee is holding what is regarded as a trump card, in reserve.

This provides for the preparation of a conference report putting hides on the free list and reducing the rates on shoes and other leather manufactures.

Up to the President.
The report it is said, then would be presented to President Taft and it would devolve upon him to secure its support. In the event of failure the conferees would submit a report placing a small duty on hides and the house rates on leather.

Few of the conferees believe that it will be necessary to resort to such tactics, however, for all of them realize that the criticisms usually heaped upon members who oppose the administration view make it a mistake to combat the President's will. On that account, it is believed, the compromise giving cheaper rates on shoes and other manufactures of leather in return for free hides will be adopted.

The program on which the conferees are working is as follows:

Hides free, as provided by the house against the senate rate of 15 per cent ad valorem.

Sole leather five per cent, the same as in the house bill as against the senate rate of 15 per cent.

Dressed upper leather seven and a half per cent as against 15 per cent in both the house and senate bills. Boots and shoes ten per cent, as against 15 in the house bill, and 20 in the senate bill.

Beef Packers as Tanners.
According to Senator Warren, the story that beef packers are engaging extensively in the tanning business and will be the principal beneficiaries of a duty on hides, has been used by "free hide lobby" in manufacturing sentiment against the protection asked by the cattle industry.

He denied that the beef packers are able to control the leather mar-

ket. Senators entrusted with the task of canvassing the senate reported today that it would be impossible to adopt a report providing for free hides. These senators conferred with some of the house leaders and were informed that under present conditions it is just as impossible to pass a report through the house without free hides.

This convinced the conferees that it would be futile to spend any more time trying to reach an agreement unless concessions were made to cattle interests in the form of reductions on leather.

Hold Rule Until Report in Reading.
According to the leaders tonight, the plan is to complete the conference report before presenting a rule to the house providing for the reduction of the shoe and leather duties below the house rates. It is said that the conference report will be submitted to the house on the same day that the rules is reported.

The Philippine tariff section was reopened today at the request of President Taft.

An amendment was adopted yesterday providing that goods manufactured in the Philippines must be wholly of ingredients grown or produced in the islands in order to be admitted free to the United States. The President took the position that this amendment would stifle manufacture in the islands.

Steps were taken today toward the final disposition of the wool pulp and print paper schedule, although it is understood no rates were definitely fixed.

It has been unofficially reported that a duty of \$3.75 a ton would be agreed to on print paper, but Representative Mann, chairman of a special committee appointed to make a thorough inquiry into the print paper question after coming from the conference room today said: "I will not vote for the conference report if it provides for a duty on print paper that is above \$3 a ton."

The \$3 rate is one dollar less than the senate rate and \$1 more than the house rate.

It is generally understood that a vote will be taken tomorrow on coal, oil, lumber, hosiery, gloves, print paper and iron ore. It was announced that if action is taken all of the conferees will be sworn not to divulge the conference rates in advance of the presentation of a report to the house.

JEROME TAKES CHARGE

Thaw and District Attorney Chat Like Old Friends.

DR. IVANJ GOES ON THE STAND

Expert of "Brain Storm" Fame Swears That Prisoner is Not a Paranoiac—Evelyn May be Recalled to Repeat Story of Alleged Threat.

(By Associated Press.)

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 26.—Alienists today began their slow march across the stage in the Thaw case. The efforts of Stanford White's lawyer to obtain release from the Matteawan asylum for criminal insane are culminating in the testimony of the experts called to prove him sane, and when they are through the prisoner will take the stand himself. His attorney, Charles Morchauer, said today that he might put Thaw on the witness stand, though it might not be until Wednesday.

In two respects the hearing today was the reminder of the two homicide trials which Thaw underwent. District Attorney Jerome, of New York, at the request of the attorney general's office, appeared in court and took entire charge of the state's case.

Mr. Jerome and Thaw sat so close together that the chairs touched, but if the prisoner had any fear of the man who prosecuted him his face did not show it. All but one of the witnesses were Thaw's today and his equanimity was undisturbed. At times he and the district attorney chatted like old friends reunited.

Not "Paranoiac."
The other familiar feature of the hearing was Dr. Britton D. Evans, of the New Jersey State Insane Asylum at Morris Plains, famous for his introduction at the trials of the term "brain storm." Dr. Evans was on the stand when court adjourned and prob-

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RIOTING MEXICAN MOB CRIES "DOWN WITH DIAZ"

Two Americans Among Score of More People Wounded at Guadalajara.

ARRESTS MADE BY WHOLESALERS

Police Charge Crowd and Are Repulsed Again and Again Until Troops Are Called Out to Put Down Disturbance—Speaking for Diaz Starts Outbreak.

(By Associated Press.)
MEXICO CITY, July 26.—Over 200 arrests have been made, a score or more or less seriously injured, including two Americans, and two are reported dead as a result of political riots in the city of Guadalajara yesterday afternoon and last night.

A mob broke up a meeting which was being addressed by orators who spoke in behalf of the election of President Diaz and Vice President Corral. The rioters shouted "Down with Diaz, we want Reyes." During the night they stormed the Hotel Garcia where the day's orators had stepped. Every window in the structure was smashed and the bar, office and barber shop looted.

Crowd Repulses Police.
The police charged the crowd again and again but were repulsed. State troops were called out and a number of volleys fired in the air without effect. Members of the mob erected a barricade and shots were exchanged between them and the soldiers.

Six mounted gendarmes and two foot policemen were wounded. A four-year-old boy, a member of the lower class, is said to have been killed.

American Property Destroyed.
Considerable American property was destroyed and two Americans wounded. The Americans have asked the American consulate for protection. The names of the Americans wounded are said to be Whinton and Murphy.

No press messages have reached this city from Guadalajara during the day, although commercial business is being transacted as usual. This lends color to a rumor that a censorship has been established by the federal authorities.

Political speakers campaigning in interest of Diaz and Corra on their way to the Delgado theater where the meeting was to be held were hooted and jeered.

Not Allowed to Speak.
The crowds refused to allow a single orator to speak, drowning their voices with yells and driving them from the stage by hurling paper wads and an occasional stone.

When the party emerged from the building they were stoned, and Leon Rojas, a prominent lawyer, was struck on the head and badly injured. The automobiles, street cars and carriages in which they rode were also stoned, every bit of glass in the vehicles being smashed.

The mob grew bolder and wilder and practically every plate glass window in the downtown district was broken. The Tenth regiment was called out and with whose aid and that of a cordon of mounted police the speakers made their way to the city train. They arrived in Mexico City today.

American Leased Hotel.
The hotel Garcia which was wrecked by the mob is one of the largest hostels in the republic. It was leased by an American who has put in a claim for damages.

The last dispatch from the place said all was quiet. The riot is the most serious that has occurred in Mexico in years.

KILLS WIFE, THEN HIMSELF.

Young Murderer Delivers Letter to Police, and Use Revolver.

NEW BEDFORD, MASS., July 26.—Following a quarrel about money matters, Robert M. Fanning, aged twenty-eight, wealthy, of West Port, beat his wife Lena, aged twenty-six, to death, probably with a cleaver or hatchet, went home, wrote an eight-page letter and then ordered his chauffeur to drive him to police headquarters at New Bedford.

There, early this morning, he handed the letter to the officer at the desk and then pulled out a revolver, put the point in his mouth and killed himself. The letter informed the police where Mrs. Fanning's body might be found and asked that Fanning's eighteen-month-old baby be cared for.

DELIVERES NOTICE OF MURDER; KILLS HIMSELF

Young Man Beats Wife to Death, and Goes to Police With the News.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW BEDFORD, MASS., July 26.—In a state bordering on insanity said to have been brought on by drinking and the fact that his wife had refused to live with him, Robert M. Fanning, aged 28 years, came to the police station here from his home in Westport, early this morning, and after producing a letter in which he had written of having murdered his wife, shot himself in the head, causing instant death.

Following directions given in the letter Lieutenant Thomas Comstock and other officers went to Westport, about seven miles from here, and at a spot indicated about half a mile from her home found the body of Mrs. Fanning who apparently had been killed with a hatchet.

Fanning arrived at the police station in his automobile. He was in such a condition that it was with difficulty he could make himself understood. He produced a letter from his pocket and after making several futile attempts to read it himself handed it to Lieutenant Comstock.

After the lieutenant read the letter he asked: "What do you want me to do about it?"

Put Gun in his Mouth.

"Just this," was the reply and Fanning with quick motion produced a big revolver, placed the muzzle to his mouth and fired. He fell dead instantly.

Mrs. Fanning had told her husband last night that she would no longer live with him. The couple went for a walk to confer on the matter and Mrs. Fanning did not return.

Fanning was the son of Robert Fanning, a rubber mill overseer at Olneyville, R. I. The son formerly was a rubber worker.

Wife Had Married Three Times.

He did not inform his parents when he married. Mrs. Fanning was about 28 years old. She had been married three times, first when she was 16 years old. She was a daughter of Captain George Hall, who is reported to be a man of some property.

The police say that there had been considerable ill-feeling between Captain Hall and his son-in-law in regard to the management of the former's property, and Captain Hall states that Fanning had threatened to shoot him.

EMPOWERS PRESIDENT TO SUBMIT AMENDMENT

Senate Adopts Resolution Authorizing Presenting of Income Tax Question to State.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—After adopting a concurrent resolution empowering the President to transmit to the governors of the various states copies of the resolution heretofore adopted by congress authorizing an amendment to the constitution relative to the levying of an income tax, the senate today adjourned until Thursday.

The postponement of the next meeting day for so long a period was generally construed as indicating the possibility of delay in receiving the report on the tariff bill from the conference committee but it was pointed out that even if the report should go to the house tomorrow it could not reach the senate before Thursday and it would not be expected even then.

There was some objection to the resolution regarding the income tax provision. Senator Bailey held the view that as the adoption of the original resolution had been the work of congress alone, the transmission should be performed by officials of congress, and not by the executive branch of the government.

But the resolution as proposed finally was adopted without division.

Sensor White Critically Ill.

RICHMOND, VA., July 26.—State Senator William C. White, of Fluvanna county, is critically ill at Dr. George Ben Johnston's hospital in this city, and little, if any, hope for his recovery is entertained. He came here to undergo an operation, but has been too sick for such an ordeal. Senator White is a brother of Architect Peter J. White, of this city. He represents the Eighteenth Senatorial District, which is composed of the counties of Appomattox, Buckingham, Fluvanna and Charlotte.

Martial Law at Barcelona.

BARCELONA, July 26.—A general strike was declared here today as a protest against the Spanish Morocco war. The government replied by proclaiming a state of siege which is equivalent to martial law.

CLEAR BANKS' VAULTS OF CASH AND SKIPS

Assistant Cashier Parker Makes Clean Sweep of Tipton, Ind., First National's Funds.

LEAVES NOTE FOR HIS BROTHER

Upon Departing With About \$60,000, Defaulting Official Writes That He Has Gone Forever and Has Taken "Enough to Pay Expenses"—Leaves Wife and Children.

(By Associated Press.)

TIPTON, IND., July 26.—The First National Bank of Tipton is closed and its assistant cashier, Noah R. Marker, gone taking with him between \$50,000 and \$60,000, all the cash that was in the bank's vaults at the close of business Saturday. Marker, after sweeping together the money, set the time lock on the safe so that it could not be opened until 9 o'clock today and left Tipton on a traction car for Indianapolis Saturday evening, telling his wife that he would spend Sunday with his father and mother.

Nothing further has been heard from him.

Marker left a note on the desk of his brother, William Marker, cashier of the bank, saying that he had gone forever and that he had taken "enough money to pay his expenses."

The fact that he had emptied the cash box was not known until the time lock gave admittance today.

Bank Suspends.

Whether Marker had previously taken money and covered up the defalcations by making false entries in the books cannot be known until the arrival of a national bank examiner. It was decided today to suspend the bank's operations until the examiner could examine the books.

The bank has been involved in litigation for the protection of \$10,000 of Cayuga county bonds. The bank's president, E. W. Shirk, today was advised by his attorneys in Lima, Ohio, that they had obtained by replevin suit these securities which had been held and had given bond for them for double their value.

These bonds had been turned over to the insurance company for examination by Noah Marker, who did not demand payment. The owners of the bonds demanded the return of the bonds or their value and Noah Marker borrowed \$40,000 from an Indianapolis bank and settled for the bonds.

Loan Not on Record.
Mr. Shirk said that he had not been able to find a record of this loan on the Tipton bank's books.

"I do not know," said Mr. Shirk, "the condition of the bank's funds, but I do know that we shall pay every cent of indebtedness."

William Marker said he felt his brother will return in a few days. Noah Marker was connected with the bank 19 years. He was unsuccessful Republican candidate for mayor of the city four years ago. He was an active church member. He is 35 years old and has a wife and two children.

COURT DECIDES THAT STRIKERS MAY ORGANIZE

Tin Plate Company's Petition for Injunction Denied by Federal Judge Baker.

(By Associated Press.)

GOSHEN, IND., July 26.—The petition of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company for an injunction against its striking employees at Elwood, Ind., was denied by Judge Baker in the United States Circuit Court today.

Judge Baker held that the strikers had a right to organize and leave their employers in a body, and that the strikers could maintain a system of picketing so long as they did not interfere with the employers' access to the labor market. Elwood city authorities testified that the strike had been orderly.

"Ain't it Awful."

ATLANTA, GA., July 26.—Any woman of the state of Georgia who rides astride will become a felon if the bill introduced in the house today by Representative Wright, of Stuart county becomes a law. The statesman from Stuart county never saw a woman ride astride until he came to Atlanta.

COL. CHALON BURIED.

Officer Wan Chief of Beauregard's Artillery in Civil War, (By Associated Press.)
NEW ORLEANS, LA., July 26.—Col. J. A. Chalson who was buried here yesterday, served as an artillery officer in Beauregard's division, C. S. A., during the Civil war. He was chairman of the committee which drew up the constitution of the Confederate States of America.

The casket in which his body was borne to the grave late yesterday afternoon, was draped with the same Confederate battle flag that was entwined about the biers of President Jefferson Davis, of the Confederate states and of General Beauregard.

HEAR GRAFT CASE TODAY.

Many Witnesses against Chicago Police Inspector McCann. (By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, ILL., July 26.—The case of Police Inspector Edward McCann who was indicted by the grand jury last Saturday charged with bribery and malfeasance in office, was today set for hearing tomorrow before Judge McSweeney, in the Criminal Court.

The move to secure an immediate hearing was made because of the difficulty in keeping so many witnesses in the city.

Additional indictment containing charges against thirteen keepers of disorderly establishments were returned by the grand jury today.

Against Prohibition.

TOLEDO, OHIO, July 26.—A resolution declaring against prohibition will be the principal theme of discussion in the National Convention of the United Order of Boxmakers and Sawyers, which opened here today, according to Secretary James Curran, of Chicago, who was one of the speakers. "If prohibition becomes general we will be driven into other trades because our output is largely beer, boxes," said Curran.

Lecture Hall Collapses.

(By Associated Press.)
ALEXANDRIA, ITALY, July 26.—The floor of a lecture hall here collapsed today carrying down with it several hundred persons. Scores were hurt in the struggle to escape, thirty seriously. Six of the latter cannot recover.

WILL VISIT HAMPTON

President Taft Makes Postponed Trip Next November.

ACCEPTS NORFOLK INVITATION

Delegation Calls at White House and Asks Mr. Taft to Attend Atlantic Deeper Waterways Convention Across the Roads.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—President Taft today accepted an invitation to attend the convention of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association to be held at Norfolk November 17-20. The President expects to be in Norfolk November 19. The following day he will go to the Hampton Normal Institute to deliver an address. The convention originally was set for October, but the date was changed to suit the President's convenience.

The delegation which extended the invitation included Senator Simmons, of North Carolina, Representative Small, of North Carolina; Maynard, of Virginia and Moore of Philadelphia.

The delegation invited the President's attention to the project known as the "Boston-Beaufort Waterways" with its extension to New Orleans. The project calls for an inside passage by water through existing canals and rivers, a distance of about 1,500 miles down the Atlantic coast.

Work has begun upon a section of this waterway between Norfolk and Beaufort, N. C. The work of constructing a canal through Cape Cod also is under way.

The principal argument in favor of the construction of the inland passage is the avoidance of outside danger points around Cape Cod, Cape Hatteras and the several shoals along the coast.

MARINE KENNEDY PUTS UTLEY IN BAD LIGHT

Swears Officer Went to Parade Ground For Pistol Day After Sutton's Death.

THEY TOLD HIM TO "KEEP" WAY

Private, Whose Name Had Not Been Mentioned by Other Witnesses, Drops into Annapolis Investigation Like Bolt From Clear Sky—Sutton Not the Aggressor.

(By Associated Press.)

ANNAPOLIS, MD., July 26.—Today's session of the board of inquiry at the Naval Academy, which is investigating the circumstances surrounding the death of Lieutenant James N. Sutton, of the marine corps, who was mysteriously shot two years ago, afforded some surprise in the testimony given by Charles W. Kennedy, now a private in the marine corps, at Norfolk, and Surgeon A. D. McCormick, U. S. N.

Kennedy dropped into the situation like a bolt from a clear sky and told a frank, straight forward story of some of the incidents prior to the shooting which had not been mentioned by any of the young officers who have already testified. Though an eye witness to the earlier encounter between Sutton and Lieutenant Adams on the night the former was shot, Kennedy's name has not been mentioned by the witnesses concerned in the affair.

His testimony supported the contention of Sutton's mother and sister that Sutton did not seek the fights with Adams and the other officers. In attacking his credibility, Major Leonard, the judge advocate, showed he had been disciplined on several occasions.

Officers Told Him to "Keep" Way.
Kennedy said he had been reluctant to mention his part in the affair, because Lieutenants Utley and Adams, his superiors, had admonished him to "keep" way. On his way to relieve a sentry he had come upon Sutton, Adams, Osterman and Utley in an angry argument.

"Adams, if he want to fight, I'll fight you," he heard Sutton say, the witness testified. They fought hard for a few minutes and Sutton's face was bloody, when Lieutenant Utley interfered. A second time he saw Adams and Sutton come together as he was going away to his post, Kennedy said. Half an hour later Kennedy heard the shots from his post at the naval hospital. Soon after Adams appeared and told Kennedy that Sutton had shot himself. Utley also told him that Sutton had killed himself, the witness said. Next morning they both cautioned him not to say anything about the affair.

Saw Utley Pick Up Revolver.
On the following morning the witness said he saw Lieutenant Utley go to the edge of the parade grounds and pick up a .38-calibre Colt service revolver.

Kennedy's testimony was not shaken by the cross-examination of Adams' counsel, Mr. Birney, nor by that of Major Leonard.

Dr. McCormick was present at the autopsy held on Sutton's body and examined the bullet wound, he testified. **Wound Was Back of Ear.**

He located the wound back of and slightly above the right ear, while Dr. Fickrell testified it was near the top of the head.

There are no other navy witnesses on hand, and it is said Mrs. Sutton and her daughter will testify tomorrow.

To substantiate Kennedy's testimony, Lawyers Davis and Vandye, Mrs. Sutton, Mrs. Parker and several newspaper men went to the parade grounds after the adjournment and took the various positions from which the witness said he saw and heard the fight.

Lawyer Davis said afterward that their case would rest principally on the testimony of Kennedy and Mrs. Parker.

Leather Strike Settled.

(By Associated Press.)

KENOSHA, WIS., July 26.—The strike at Allen Sons' Tannery was officially called off this morning. Every man returned to work, and the disputes were taken from the plant.